

## The Disciplinary

## Regulations

14 May 2024

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1	APPLI		N
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	1.1	Memb that o might inform found	Regulations shall apply where, in respect of any Member, former ber, Student or former Student it comes to the notice of the Institute one or more of the events described in Bye-Law 23 (a) to (e) have or have occurred, or where, representations, complaints and nation which come to the attention of the Institute may or might a basis for proceedings under a Joint Disciplinary Scheme or cory disciplinary scheme in which the Institute participates.
2	DEFIN	ITIONS	S AND INTERPRETATION
UNC	HANGE	)	
	2.1		ese Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, the following ssions shall have the following meanings:
		(a)	"Appeal Committee" means a committee established in accordance with Regulation 16.2 and 16.4 for the purposes set out in Regulation 8;
		(b)	"breach(es) of Bye-Law 23" means an occurrence of any one or more of the events described in Bye-Law 23 (a) through (e) or, in relation to any matters which took place prior to 9 October 2013, an occurrence of any one or more of the events described in Bye- Law 23 or 25 or 28(B)(a) as in force at the time of the occurrence;
		(c)	"Bye-Laws" means the Bye-Laws of the Institute as amended from time to time;
		(d)	"Chair of the Investigations Committee" means the individual appointed in accordance with Regulation 15.1 who shall undertake the role detailed in Regulations 4.1, 4.2 and 16.1(d) and, when acting pursuant to Regulations 4.1 and 4.2, shall be sitting as the quorum of the Investigations Committee;
		(e)	"Charter" means the Supplemental Charter of the Institute as amended from time to time;
		(f)	"CIPFA Member" means a member of the Investigations Committee, a Disciplinary Committee or an Appeal Committee appointed in accordance with Regulation 15.8;"
		(g)	"Committee" means any one or more of the Investigations Committee, a Disciplinary Committee and an Appeal Committee as

		is appropriate in the context;"
	(h)	"Compensatory Award" means an award as to compensation made
		on behalf of the Institute:
		(i) by the Investigations Committee, to a complainant to
		compensate him or her in whole or in part for the reasonable
		costs of bringing an issue to the Institute's attention (subject
		to a maximum of £1000 (one thousand pounds sterling) or
		such other maximum as the Council may from time to time
		determine); or
		(ii) by a Disciplinary Committee, or, on appeal, an Appeal
		Committee to a Complainant and/or third party to reimburse
		in whole or in part fees paid by the complainant and/or third
		party to the Respondent in relation to work done by or on
		behalf of the Respondent, where such work has been
		considered by that Disciplinary Committee or Appeal
		Committee at a hearing. The combined value of any such
		award(s) made by a Disciplinary Committee or an Appeal
		Committee in any case shall not exceed the value of £5000
		(five thousand pounds sterling) or such other maximum as
		the Council may from time to time determine;
	(i)	"Complainant" means any person who has formally brought to the
		attention of or reported to the Institute any facts, circumstances or
		matters considered under these Regulations;
	(j)	"Conviction Matter" means any matter wholly or substantially arising from a
		conviction in any proceedings for an offence in relation to which a sentence
		of imprisonment may be imposed;
	(k)	"Cost Order" means an award as to costs to be paid by either the
		Respondent or the Institute so as wholly or partially to reimburse
		the Institute or the Respondent such reasonable costs and expenses
		as that party has incurred in connection with the investigation and
		determination of the disciplinary action including any appeal;
	(I)	"Disciplinary Committee" means a committee established in
		accordance with Regulation 16.2 and 16.3 for the purposes set out
		in Regulation 7;
	(m)	"Entry on Record" means an entry placed on the membership record
		of a Respondent for a period not exceeding two years that no further
		action will be taken under the disciplinary scheme in respect of a
		matter, unless further complaints or allegations regarding the

	Respondent are received within the specified period, in which case
	the original matter may be reconsidered alongside any new matter
	and taken into account by a Committee in deciding what if any
	sanction to impose on the Respondent;
(n)	"Expulsion" means, in relation to a Member or Student expulsion
	from membership or studentship of the Institute indefinitely, and,
	in relation to a former Member or former Student means an order
	that if the former Member or former Student at any time applies to
	be re- admitted to membership or studentship of the Institute the
	application shall be treated in accordance with Regulation 17;
(0)	"former Member" means any person who has been a Member;
(p)	"former Student" means any person who has been a Student;"
(q)	"Independent Member" means a member of the Investigations Committee, a
(4)	Disciplinary Committee or an Appeal Committee appointed in accordance
	with Regulation 15.7;
(	"Interested Person" means an individual or body with a proper
(r)	
	interest in the outcome of any proceedings under these Disciplinary
	Regulations and may include the Respondent's employer and any
	other professional regulatory bodies of which, to the Institute's
	knowledge, the Respondent is a member;
(s)	"Investigations Committee" means the committee established in
	accordance with Regulation 16.1 (except where the Chair of the
	Investigations Committee is acting alone as the quorum of the
	Investigations Committee, in which case the term "Chair of the
	Investigations Committee" shall be used);
(t)	"Investigations Unit" means the division of the Institute or such
	external contractors, agents or representatives as the Institute may
	appoint to carry out the functions of the Investigations Unit whose
	task is to investigate disciplinary matters, refer matters to the
	Investigations Committee in accordance with these Regulations and
	to present cases before Disciplinary and Appeal Committees and
	which shall be independent from any Committee;
(u)	"Joint Disciplinary Scheme" means a scheme in which the Institute
(u)	participates in accordance with Bye-Law 25(B);
(,,)	
(v)	"Legal Assessor" means a person appointed to provide legal advice
	to the Investigations Committee, a Disciplinary Committee or an
	Appeal Committee and who shall be independent from those
	Committees and from the Investigations Unit;

	(w)	"Member" means, for the purposes of these Regulations only, a
		person elected or registered (as appropriate) in accordance with
		Bye- Laws 4, 5, 18 or 19;
	(x)	"Practising Certificate" means any certificate issued to a Member
		under any Practice Regulations of the Institute in force from time to
		time authorising him or her to engage in specific areas of work
		which are defined as "public practice";
	(y)	"Presenting Officer" means a representative of the Investigations
	())	Unit or a person appointed to represent the Investigations Unit at
		any hearing held in accordance with these Regulations;
	(z)	"Regulatory Panel" means the panel established in accordance with
	(2)	Regulation 16.2 from which members are appointed to sit as
		members of a Disciplinary or Appeal Committee;
	(aa)	"Reimbursement Order" means an order for payment to be made
	(44)	by the Respondent to the Institute to reimburse the Institute in
		whole or in part for monies paid out by the Institute in respect of a
		Compensatory Award
	(66)	
	(bb)	"Respondent" means a Member or former Member, Student or
		former Student who is subject to preliminary enquiries or
		disciplinary proceedings under these Regulations as is appropriate
	()	in the context;
	(cc)	"Reviewer of Complaints" means a person appointed in accordance
		with Regulation 14 to review certain decisions of the Chair of the
		Investigations Committee and the Investigations Committee in
		accordance with Regulation 6;
	(dd)	"Student" means a student registered by the Institute in accordance
		with Bye-Laws 20 and 21 and the Student Regulations of the
		Institute as in force from time to time;
	(ee)	"Suspension" means, in relation to a Member or Student,
		suspension of membership or studentship of the Institute for a
		definite period of time, and in relation to a former Member or former
		Student means an order that any application received from that
		former Member or former Student for re-admittance to membership
		or studentship during the definite period specified shall be rejected.
2.2	Unles	s the context otherwise so requires, other words and expressions
		have the meanings assigned to them by the Charter and the Bye-
	Laws.	Words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine

		and	words in	the singular shall import the plural; and vice versa.
3	CONST	ITUT	IONAL S	STRUCTURE
	3.1	that	there ha	umstances where it shall come to the notice of the Institute as been or may have been a breach of Bye-Law 23 or there sis for proceedings under a Joint Disciplinary Scheme:
		(a)	it deen in part	vestigations Unit shall carry out such preliminary enquiries as ns are required to determine whether the matter in whole or may properly form the basis for proceedings under Bye-Law under a Joint Disciplinary Scheme.
		(b)	Investi to the Investi Regula	preliminary enquiries relate to a Conviction Matter the gations Unit shall pass the results of its preliminary enquiries Chair of the Investigations Committee. The Chair of the gations Committee, subject to his/her obligation under these tions to consider whether a matter should be referred to a isciplinary Scheme, shall;
			(i)	refer the matter, in whole or in part, to the Investigations Unit for further investigation if he or she considers that further investigation is required; or
			(ii)	refer the matter, in whole or in part, to the Investigations Committee for determination if in his or her opinion the matter does not warrant a more severe penalty than the Investigations Committee is empowered to impose; or
			(iii)	refer the matter, in whole or in part, to the Disciplinary Committee for determination if in his or her opinion the matter may warrant a more severe penalty than the Investigations Committee is empowered to impose; or
			(iv)	close the matter, if in his or her opinion the matter may not properly form the basis of proceedings or the matter should otherwise be closed in accordance with these Regulations.
		(c)	If, hav	ving conducted preliminary enquiries, the Head of the

 T	1	Inc	entione limit is of the optimizer that the grather the subject of
			gations Unit is of the opinion that the matter the subject of
			eliminary enquiries may not properly form the basis of
			dings or the matter should otherwise be closed in accordance
		with th	ese Regulations, [save in the case of a Conviction matter]
		the Hea	ad of the Investigations Unit shall have the authority to close
		the ma	tter in accordance with these Regulations.
	(d)	If havi	ng conducted preliminary enquiries, the Investigations Unit
		conside	ers that a matter which is not a Conviction Matter may properly
		form t	the basis of proceedings, the Investigations Unit shall
		comme	ence a formal investigation.
	(e)	Followi	ng formal investigation by the Investigations Unit, or following
			I by the Chair of the Investigations Committee to the
			gations Committee of a Conviction Matter, the Investigations
			ttee, may if it then so sees fit:
		Comm	ttee, may in it then so sees it.
		(i)	refer the matter to the Council to consider whether or not to
			refer the matter to a Joint Disciplinary Scheme; or
		(ii)	refer the matter in whole or in part for consideration by a
			Disciplinary Committee in accordance with these
			Regulations; or
		(iii)	issue an order whereby the Respondent may accept a
			reprimand in relation to the whole or part of the matter; in
			which case there will be no referral to a Disciplinary
			Committee; the Respondent shall have a right not to accept
			the reprimand, and if the Respondent does not accept the
			reprimand in writing within 21 days of receiving notification
			of the order the whole or part of the matter will automatically
			be referred for consideration by a Disciplinary Committee; or
		(iv)	issue an order whereby the Respondent may accept an Entry
		( • • )	on Record for a period not exceeding two years in relation to
			the whole or part of the matter; in which case there will be
			no referral for consideration by a Disciplinary Committee and
			no further action will be taken under the disciplinary scheme
			unless further complaints or allegations regarding the

	Respondent are received within the specified period in which case the Investigations Committee may refer the new matter and the earlier matter (the subject of the Entry on Record) to a Disciplinary Committee as set out in paragraph (ii) above
	or issue an order as set out in paragraph (iii) above; the Respondent shall have a right not to accept the Entry on Record, and if the Respondent does not accept the Entry on Record in writing within 21 days of receiving notification of
	the order the matter will automatically be referred for consideration by a Disciplinary Committee; and/or
	(v) make a Compensatory Award to a complainant to compensate him or her in whole or in part for the reasonable costs of bringing an issue to the Institute's attention; and/or
	(vi) take no further action and therefore dismiss the case against the Respondent.
(f)	The Reviewer of Complaints shall review certain cases dismissed by the Investigations Committee or the Chair of the Investigations Committee at the request of a Complainant provided such request is made within 28 days of the Complainant receiving notification of the Investigation Committee's or Chair of the Investigations Committee's decision and may if he or she sees fit remit the matter to the Investigations Committee with a recommendation that the whole or part of the matter be reconsidered.
(g)	A Disciplinary Committee shall: in those cases referred to it by the Investigations Committee or the Chair of the Investigations Committee, consider the circumstances so referred in accordance with its terms of reference and determine the nature and extent of any penalty or sanction or Cost Order to be imposed on a Respondent (including for the avoidance of doubt any Compensatory Award and/or Reimbursement Order that may be imposed by the Disciplinary Committee) or Cost Order to be imposed on the Institute; a Respondent shall have a right of appeal to the Appeal Committee against any determination of a Disciplinary Committee save that there shall be no appeal in relation to a Cost

			Order; a	any party against whom a Disciplinary Committee makes a
			Cost Ord	ler may request a review on legal grounds of that Cost Order;
			, ,	lest for an appeal or a review must be made within 21 days
			of submi	ission of the determination to the Respondent.
		(h)	An Appe	al Committee shall:
				hear appeals from certain decisions of a Disciplinary Committee including as to the nature and extent of any penalty or sanction imposed by the Disciplinary Committee (excluding for the avoidance of doubt any decision connected with a Cost Order) in accordance with the Appeal Committee terms of reference; and where the Appeal Committee considers it to be appropriate, impose, confirm, rescind or vary a penalty or sanction on a Respondent; and
				review on legal grounds any Cost Order made by a Disciplinary Committee upon the application of the party against whom the order was made.
4		THE	INVESTI	GATIONS UNIT AND INVESTIGATIONS COMMITTEE
	4.1	Prelir	ninary en	quiries
		(a)	to the proce Scher Unit, neces consid	complaints made to the Institute or information that comes e attention of the Institute which could form the basis of eedings under Bye-Law 23 or under a Joint Disciplinary me will in the first instance be passed to the Investigations which will conduct such preliminary enquiries as are asary in order that the Head of the Investigations Unit can der whether the matter may properly form the basis for eedings.
		(b)		matter is a Conviction Matter the Investigations Unit as part
				preliminary enquiries shall:
			(i)	Provide the Respondent who appears to it to have suffered
				the conviction with particulars of alleged breach of Bye-Law
				23 that may be placed before the Chair of the Investigations Committee and such facts or circumstances
				as shall then be within the knowledge or belief of the
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		Investigations Unit and as the Investigations Unit thinks appropriate so as fairly to inform the Respondent of the substance of the issue raised and invite the Respondent to reply within 21 days of the Institute providing such particulars, and, notify the Respondent that the matter is to be referred to the Chair of the Investigations Committee for initial consideration.
		(ii) upon receiving the Respondent's reply or upon expiry of the 21 days from the date of the provision of the particulars of breach to the Respondent, reconsider the matter and, if it sees fit, may discontinue, alter, amend or add to the particulars of the breach of Bye-Law 23 which are to be placed before the Chair of the Investigations Committee.
		(iii) If the Investigations Unit alters, amends or adds to such particulars the altered, amended and additional particulars shall be notified to the Respondent in accordance with Regulation 4.1(b)(i).
4.2	Outcom	ne of preliminary enquiries
	(a)	If, having conducted preliminary enquiries, the Head of the Investigations Unit is of the opinion that the matter the subject of the preliminary enquiries may not properly form the basis of proceedings or the matter should otherwise be closed in accordance with these Regulations, the Head of the Investigations Unit shall have the authority to close the matter in accordance with these Regulations.
	(b)	Where the matter referred for initial consideration is a Conviction Matter and the Respondent is a former Member or former Student, if the Head of the Investigations Unit considers that the length of time since the Respondent ceased to be a Member or Student is such that it would not be appropriate in all the circumstances to continue with disciplinary proceedings the Head of the Investigations Unit shall dismiss the case against the Respondent.

(c)	If after initial consideration of a matter in relation to which the Investigations Unit is of the opinion that the matter may not properly form the basis of proceedings or a Conviction Matter, the Head of the Investigations Unit is of the opinion that there is no basis for proceedings under Bye-Law 23 or that the matter or part of the matter on which there is a basis for proceedings, if investigated, would not result in any sanction against a Respondent, the Head of the Investigations Unit shall determine that no further action should be taken in that matter or part of that matter.
(d)	If the Head of the Investigations Unit is of the opinion that, having regard to all the circumstances, it is appropriate that the matter is referred to a Joint Disciplinary Scheme, the Head of the Investigations Unit shall stay proceedings under Bye-Laws 23 and pass the matter to Council to consider a referral to a Joint Disciplinary Scheme.
(e)	Where the Head of the Investigations Unit passes a matter to the Council to consider a referral to a Joint Disciplinary Scheme under Regulation 4.2(d) and either the Council decides not to make such a referral or a Joint Disciplinary Scheme declines to consider the matter, the Head of the Investigations Unit shall reconsider the matter and make an alternative determination as soon as reasonably practicable but in any event within 35 days of the date of the decision of the Council or a Joint Disciplinary Scheme as the case may be.
(f)	If after initial consideration of a Conviction Matter the Head of the Investigations Unit is of the opinion that no further investigations are necessary to enable the matter to be considered and that there is prima facie evidence of a breach of Bye-Law 23 and that the gravity of the breach (together with any finding of liability under a Joint Disciplinary Scheme and any finding of liability under a statutory disciplinary scheme and any entry on Respondent's record) may warrant a more severe penalty than the Investigations Committee is empowered to impose the Head of the Investigations Unit shall refer the matter,

		in whole or in part, for consideration by a Disciplinary Committee.
	(g)	If after initial consideration of a conviction matter the Head of the Investigations Unit is of the opinion that no further investigations are necessary to enable the matter to be considered and that the gravity of the breach (together with any finding of liability under a Joint Disciplinary Scheme and any finding of liability under a statutory disciplinary scheme and any entry on Respondent's record) does not warrant a more severe penalty than the Investigations Committee is empowered to impose the Head of the Investigations Unit shall refer the matter to the Investigations Committee for determination under Regulation 4.6(d).
	(h)	If after initial consideration of a matter in relation to which the Investigations Unit is of the opinion that the matter may not properly form the basis of proceedings, the Head of the Investigations Unit is of the opinion that a referral under Regulation 4.2(d) is not appropriate but considers that there is or may be a basis for proceedings under Bye-Law 23 and it is appropriate to commence proceedings the Chair shall refer the matter in whole or in part to the Investigations Unit for formal investigation.
4.3	Notifying	g the Respondent
	(a)	The Head of the Investigations Unit shall notify the Respondent, a Complainant, the Chair of the Regulatory Panel and any individual or body who in the opinion of the Head of the Investigations Unit is an Interested Person of his or her determination as soon as practicable and in any event within 21 days of the date of his or her determination. The Chair of the Investigations Committee shall provide the Respondent and the
		Complainant with reasons for his or her determination. Where applicable a Complainant shall be informed or his or her right to request a review by the Reviewer of Complaints.

	on t	Chair of the Investigations Committee under Regulation 4.2 hree occasions, any future referral of that matter for initial ideration shall be to the Investigations Committee.
4.4	Formal invest	igation
		re the Head of the Investigation Unit determines that a formal stigation of a matter is to take place , the Investigations Unit :
	(i)	as soon as practicable, give notice to the Respondent and any individual or body who in the opinion of the Investigations Committee or Investigations Unit is an Interested Person that an investigation has begun under Bye-Law 23, and provide the Respondent with a brief description of the matters which appear to fall within the provisions of Bye-Law 23;
	(ii)	as soon as practicable, carry out such investigations into the facts and circumstances including (but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) correspondence or discussion with the Respondent, and any other persons or bodies who may, in the opinion of the Investigations Unit, be able to assist the Investigations Unit's investigations;
	(iii)	refer the matter to the Head of the Investigations Unit, if at any time during the course of its investigations, it is of the opinion that, having regard to all the circumstances, it is appropriate that the matter is referred to a Joint Disciplinary Scheme. The Investigations Committee shall consider any such referral in accordance with Regulation 4.6(b);
	(iv)	if on conclusion of the investigations the Investigations Unit believes there is no prima facie evidence of breach of Bye- Law 23 it shall refer the matter to the Investigations Committee accordingly. The Investigations Committee shall consider any such referral in accordance with

			Regulation 4.6(c);
		(v)	if on conclusion of the investigations the Investigations Unit
			is of the opinion that there is prima facie evidence of breach
			of Bye-Law 23 it shall proceed in accordance with
			Regulation 4.4(b)
	(1-)	<b>TC</b> +h:	- Decidetion (1.4/h) and line the Townshipstican (1.6/h about
	(b)		s Regulation 4.4(b) applies the Investigations Unit shall
		proce	ed as follows:
		(i)	the Investigations Unit shall notify the Respondent of the
			particulars of the breach(es) of Bye-Law 23 that may be
			placed before the Investigations Committee and such facts
			or circumstances as shall then be within the knowledge or
			belief of the Investigations Unit and as the Investigations
			Unit thinks appropriate so as fairly to inform the
			Respondent of the substance of the issue or issues raised,
			and invite the Respondent to reply within 21 days (or such
			longer period as the Investigations Unit may determine) of
			the date of the Institute giving such notice.
		(ii)	upon receiving the Respondent's reply or upon expiry of
			the 21 days from the date of the Respondent being given
			notice of the particulars of breach (or such longer period as
			the Investigations Unit may determine), the Investigations
			Unit shall reconsider the matter and if it sees fit may
			discontinue, alter, amend or add to the particulars of the
			breach of Bye-Law 23 which are to be placed before the
			Investigations Committee.
		(iii)	if the Investigations Unit alters, amends or adds to such
			particulars, the altered, amended and additional particulars
			shall be notified to the Respondent in accordance with
			Regulation 4.4(b)(i);
		(iv)	if the Investigations Unit does not wish to alter, amend or
			add to such particulars the Investigations Unit shall refer
			the matter and all relevant evidence in its possession

			including any submissions from the Respondent to the
			Investigations Committee.
	4.5	Proceed	ings of the Investigations Committee
	4.5	FIOCEEu	
		(a)	The Investigations Committee shall conduct its business at private
			meetings and/or through the use of voice, video or electronic mail
			communication or any other form of communication provided that
			every member of the Investigations Committee participating in
			the determination is able to receive, understand and respond to
			all comments views and opinions expressed by other participating
			members and the Legal Assessor (if the Legal Assessor's advice
			has been requested) before any determination or decision
			composing part of a determination is reached.
		(b)	If the Investigations Committee conducts its business other than
			at private meetings, and at any time before the determination is
			reached any participating member of the Investigations
			Committee is not satisfied that the form of communication
			complies with Regulation 4.5(a), that member may require the
			Investigations Committee to hold a meeting prior to any
			determination being made.
		(c)	If the Investigations Committee conducts its business other than
			at private meetings it shall put in place such additional
			confidentiality and security arrangements as it considers
			necessary to preserve the confidentiality of proceedings.
	16	Dotormi	nations
	4.6	Determi	Hations
		(a)	The Investigations Committee shall consider any matter referred
			to it by the Head of the Investigations Unit or the Chair of the
			Investigations Committee and may refer the matter back to the
			Investigations Unit for specified further investigations.
		(c)	If the Investigations Unit refers a matter to the Investigations
			Committee under Regulation 4.4(a)(iv) (where particulars of
			breach have not been put to the Respondent) the Investigations
			Committee shall:
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	(i)	if the Investigations Committee is of the opinion that, having regard to all the circumstances, it is appropriate that the matter is referred to a Joint Disciplinary Scheme, the Investigations Committee shall stay proceedings under Bye-Law 23 and pass the matter to the Council to consider a referral to a Joint Disciplinary Scheme; or
	(ii)	request that the Investigations Unit formulate and notify the Respondent of particulars of breach in accordance with Regulation 4.4(b); or
	(iii)	dismiss the case against the Respondent and notify the Respondent, a Complainant and all parties previously notified of the investigation.
(d)	Inves Inves Comn breac Comn	e Head of the Investigations Unit refers a matter to the tigations Committee under Regulation 4.2(g) or if the tigations Unit refers a matter to the Investigations nittee under Regulation 4.4(b)(iv) (where particulars of h have been put to the Respondent) the Investigations nittee shall consider the matter and reach one of the ring determinations:
	(i)	Where the Investigations Committee is of the opinion that, having regard to all the circumstances, it is appropriate that the matter is referred to a Joint Disciplinary Scheme, the Investigations Committee shall stay proceedings under Bye-Law 23 and pass the matter to the Council to consider a referral to a Joint Disciplinary Scheme;
	(ii)	Where the Respondent is a former Member or former Student if the Investigations Committee considers that the length of time since the Respondent ceased to be a Member or Student is such that it would not be appropriate in all the circumstances to continue with disciplinary proceedings the Investigations Committee shall dismiss the case against the Respondent;

(iii)	Where the Investigations Committee is of the opinion that there is prima facie evidence of breach of Bye-Law 23 but it is of the opinion that there is no realistic prospect of the matter being found proven and/or in the Committee's opinion it is not in the public interest to continue with disciplinary proceedings the Investigations Committee shall dismiss the case against the Respondent;
(iv)	Where the Investigations Committee is of the opinion that there is prima facie evidence of breach of Bye-Law 23 and that Regulation 4.6(d)(iii) does not apply and the gravity of the breach may warrant a more severe penalty than the Investigations Committee is empowered to impose, and in addition the Investigations Committee considers that a referral under Regulation 4.6(d)(i) is not appropriate, the Investigations Committee shall refer the matter in whole or in part for consideration by a Disciplinary Committee;
(v)	Where the Investigations Committee is of the opinion that there is prima facie evidence of breach of Bye-Law 23 and that Regulation 4.6(d)(iii) does not apply and the gravity of the breach does not warrant a more severe penalty than the Investigations Committee is empowered to impose, and in addition the Investigations Committee considers that a referral under Regulation 4.6(d)(i) is not appropriate, the Investigations Committee may impose one or more sanctions;
(vi)	Where the Investigations Committee is of the opinion that there is no or no prima facie evidence of breach of Bye-Law 23 the Investigations Committee shall dismiss the case against the Respondent.
. ,	nvestigations Committee may impose the following sanctions Respondent so consents:
(i)	Entry on Record;

	(ii)	Reprimand;
	(iii)	Severe reprimand;
	(iv)	Caution;
	(v)	Exclusion from membership (which order may include a recommendation that no application for readmission to membership be entertained before the end of a specified period;
	(vi)	Suspension of membership for a specified period;
	(vii)	Provided the Institute has Practice Regulations in force, withdrawal of any Practising Certificate held by the Respondent either indefinitely or for a specified period.
	(viii)	That the member pay a financial penalty of a specified sum (part or all of which may be suspended for a specified period);
	(ix)	that the member undertake specified training;
	(x)	that the member take such steps as may be specified (other than the payment of compensation) for the purpose of resolving the issues which gave rise to the disciplinary proceedings;
(f)	the n exper	nvestigations Committee may impose a requirement that nember pay a specified amount in respect of costs and nses of whatsoever nature incurred by or on behalf of the ute in investigating and bringing disciplinary proceedings.
(g)	impos	nsidering the gravity of a breach and/or what sanction to se upon the Respondent the Investigations Committee shall regard to any previous breaches of Bye-Law 23 and any

	finding of lightling under a later Direct P. O
	finding of liability under a Joint Disciplinary Scheme and any finding of liability under a statutory disciplinary scheme.
(h)	In considering the gravity of a breach and/or what sanction to
	impose upon the Respondent, the Investigations Committee shall have regard to the facts, admissions and decisions relating to any current Entry on Record against the Respondent and may impose any sanction in respect of that matter or that matter combined with any later matter in relation to which the Investigations Committee is passing sanction which is appropriate in all the circumstances.
(i)	If the Respondent does not provide his or her written consent to any order for imposition by the Investigations Committee of a Reprimand or Entry on Record within 21 days of the Institute giving the Respondent notice of the order the matter or the part of the matter the subject of the order shall automatically be referred for consideration by a Disciplinary Committee.
(j)	Where the Investigations Committee passes a matter to the Council to consider a referral to a Joint Disciplinary Scheme under Regulation 4.6(b)(i) and either the Council decides not to make such a referral or a Joint Disciplinary Scheme declines to consider the matter it shall pass immediately to the Investigations Unit and the Investigations Unit will continue its investigations.
(k)	Where the Investigations Committee passes a matter to the Council to consider a referral to a Joint Disciplinary Scheme under Regulations 4.6(c)(i) or 4.6(d)(i) and either the Council decides not to make such a referral or a Joint Disciplinary Scheme declines to consider the matter the Investigations Committee shall reconsider the matter and make an alternative determination as soon as reasonably practicable but in any event within 35 days of the date of the decision of the Council or the Joint Disciplinary Scheme as the case may be.
(1)	The Investigations Committee may make a Compensatory Award to a Complainant to compensate him or her in whole or in part for the reasonable costs of bringing an issue to the Institute's

			attent	tion, regardless of whether or not the Investigations	
				nittee decides to refer the issue to the Council or to a	
			Discip	linary Committee for further consideration.	
		(m)	In cor	nsidering whether to make a Compensatory Award and the	
				nt of any such Compensatory Award the Investigations	
				nittee shall take into account:	
			(i)	the public interest in the issue brought to the Institute's	
				attention;	
			(ii)	the conduct of the Complainant;	
			(iii)	any costs losses or detriment necessarily incurred or	
				suffered by the Complainant in bringing the issue to the	
				Institute's attention; and	
			(iv)	the gravity of the issue complained of.	
		(n)	The I	nvestigations Committee shall notify or shall instruct the	
			Inves	tigations Unit to notify the Respondent, a Complainant, the	
				of the Regulatory Panel and any individual or body who in	
				pinion of the Investigations Committee is an Interested	
				n of its determination (including whether it has made any	
				ensatory Award and if so the extent of that Compensatory	
				d) as soon as practicable and in any event within 21 days of	
				ate of its determination. The Investigations Committee shall	
				de the Respondent and Complainant with reasons for its	
			-	mination. Where applicable a Complainant shall be informed	
				, her or its right to request a review by the Reviewer of	
				laints.	
		(0)	The T	nstitute shall publish a determination of the Investigations	
				nittee to impose an agreed Reprimand under Regulation	
				)(v) in each case as it may consider appropriate.	
	4.7	Right of	Reviev	V	
		(a)		mplainant may request that the Reviewer of Complaints	
		· ` /		· , , · · · · · · · · ·	

	(b)	review a determination of the Head if the Investigations Unit to close or dismiss a case or to take no further action under Regulation 4.2(a), 4.2(b) or 4(2)(c), or of the Investigations Committee to dismiss a case under Regulation 4.6(c)(iii), 4.6(d)(ii), 4.6(d)(iii) or 4.6(d)(vi) or a decision of the Chair of the Investigations Committee to dismiss a case under Regulation 3.1(b)(iv). A request for a review by a Complainant must be lodged with the Institute within 28 days of the Institute giving notice to the Complainant of the Investigations Committee's determination. The request must be in writing and state the facts or matters
		relied on in support of the review.
	(c)	There shall be no review or appeal by either a Complainant or the Respondent relating to the exercise or non-exercise of the Investigations Committee's discretion to make a Compensatory Award. A decision of the Chair of the Investigations Committee or the Investigations Committee to refer a matter for consideration by a Disciplinary Committee shall not be subject to review or appeal by either a Complainant or the Respondent. A decision of the Chair of the Investigations Committee or the Investigations Committee to refer or not to refer a matter to Council shall not be subject to review or appeal by either a Complainant or the Respondent. A decision of the Council to refer or not to refer a matter to a Joint Disciplinary Scheme shall not be subject to review or appeal by either a Complainant or the Respondent.
4.8	Monitori	ng and oversight
	(a)	The Head of the Investigations Unit shall maintain a record of decisions to close matters in accordance with Regulation 4.2(a), and the Investigations Committee shall undertake a periodic review of a sample of those decisions.
FITNES	SS TO PR	ACTICE
4A.1	consider process	TNESS TO PRACTICE PANEL/SPECIFIED COMMITTEE] finds, after ring a fitness to practise of a Respondent, in accordance with the set down in [FITNESS TO PRACTICE REGULATIONS], that the o respond to an investigation and/or to participate in proceedings
		4.8 Monitori (a) FITNESS TO PR 4A.1 If a [FI consider process

		covered by these Regulations, is seriously impaired through their physical or mental health, [FITNESS TO PRACTICE PANEL/SPECIFIED COMMITTEE] shall, unless it considers in the circumstances that it is inappropriate to do
		so, make one or more of the following orders:
		<ul> <li>(a) that any investigation and/or disciplinary proceedings and/or regulatory proceedings continue to be suspended concurrent with any period of suspension of the Respondent's membership that has been ordered; and</li> </ul>
		(b) such ancillary orders as the [FITNESS TO PRACTICE PANEL/SPECIFIED COMMITTEE] thinks fit including, without limitation, that the Respondent appoint an alternate contact for the period of suspension and notify the Head of the Investigations Unit, their the identity and contact details of the alternate contact.
	4A.2	If a [FITNESS TO PRACTICE PANEL/SPECIFIED COMMITTEE] finds, after considering a fitness to practise of a Respondent, in accordance with the process set down in [FITNESS TO PRACTICE REGULATIONS], that the fitness to respond to an investigation and/or to participate in proceedings covered by these Regulations is not seriously impaired through their physical or mental health, [FITNESS TO PRACTICE PANEL/SPECIFIED COMMITTEE] shall direct that any investigation and/or disciplinary proceedings which were suspended pending any decision on the Respondent's fitness for practice shall be re-started.
	4A.3	It shall be the duty of the Respondent whose fitness to practise application is under consideration by [FITNESS TO PRACTICE PANEL/SPECIFIED COMMITTEE] to cooperate with [FITNESS TO PRACTICE PANEL/SPECIFIED COMMITTEE] during the period during which their fitness to practice is under consideration.
5	THE J SCHEM	IES
	Uncha	ngea
	5.1	If the Institute receives notice in writing from a Joint Disciplinary Scheme which states that:
		(a) (a) a referral of a matter by Council is accepted by the Joint

			Disciplinary Scheme; or					
		(b)	a matter currently being dealt with under these Regulations shall					
			be dealt with under the Joint Disciplinary Scheme					
		then	with immediate effect the Joint Disciplinary Scheme shall become					
		responsible for the investigation of the matters referred to or assumed by						
		it, and any investigation or action in relation to those matters under these						
		Regul	ations shall be stayed.					
	5.2	Where	e there are further matters relating to a Respondent which are not					
		referr	ed to or assumed by the Joint Disciplinary Scheme, the Investigations					
		Comm	nittee may at its discretion stay any further investigation or action in					
		respe	ct of those matters pending any determination recommendation or					
		sancti	on imposed by the Joint Disciplinary Scheme in respect of those					
		matte	rs referred to it.					
	5.3	Ifal	loint Disciplinary Scheme determines at any time that a matter					
		referr	ed to or assumed by it is on further investigation not in fact within					
		its ter	ms of reference, and discontinues its investigation or action for that					
		reaso	n alone, then the matter shall again be referred to the Investigations					
		Comm	nittee which may terminate the stay of action imposed above and					
		recom	mence investigation or actions under these Regulations from the					
		point at which they were stayed, or may make any other determinations						
		in acc	ordance with these Regulations which it considers necessary.					
	5.4	In any	y other case, any final determination, recommendation or sanction					
		(whet	her or not more severe than the sanctions available under these					
		Regula	ations) made or imposed by a Joint Disciplinary Scheme or a					
		statut	ory disciplinary scheme shall be recorded by the Institute and given					
		effect	to as if made or imposed under these Regulations, save that the					
		collect	tion and/or recovery of fines and costs shall be a matter to be dealt					
		with b	y agreement between the Institute and the Joint Disciplinary Scheme					
		or the	statutory disciplinary scheme.					
	5.5	A stat	utory disciplinary scheme may undertake its own investigation into					
		a cas	e relating to a Member or Student. In such circumstances, any					
		invest	igation under these Regulations into the same matter shall be					
		suspe	nded pending that statutory disciplinary scheme's investigation.					
6			F COMPLAINTS					
	6.1		rms of reference of a Reviewer of Complaints shall be to consider at					
			quest of a Complainant those matters referred to him or her under					
		Regula	ation 4.7.					

	6.2	The Reviewer of Complaints shall notify the Respondent of the grounds
		upon which a Complainant has sought a review of the Chair of the
		Investigations Committee's or the Investigations Committee's decision and
		allow the Respondent 21 days from the Reviewer giving notice to the
		Respondent of such grounds (or such longer period as the Reviewer of
		Complaints may determine) to comment upon the matters raised by a
		Complainant.
	6.3	If, having considered the evidence before the Head of the Investigations
		Unit, the Chair of the Investigations Committee or the Investigations
		Committee and submissions by a Complainant and the Respondent, the
		Reviewer of Complaints considers that the determination reached or the
		procedure followed by the Chair of the Investigations Committee or the
		Investigations Committee may be flawed or incorrect as a result of either
		a failure to follow due process; a failure to follow a line of inquiry or to
		consider evidence in the course of the investigation or a failure to present
		evidence to the relevant decision-maker, the Reviewer of Complaints shall
		remit the matter to the Investigations Committee with a recommendation
		that the whole or part of the matter be reconsidered by a newly constituted
		Investigations Committee.
	6.4	The Reviewer of Complaints shall notify the Respondent, a Complainant,
		the Head of the Investigations Unit, the Chair of the Investigations
		Committee or the Investigations Committee (as appropriate) and any
		individual or body who in the opinion of the Reviewer of Complaints is an
		Interested Person of his or her determination to remit a matter to the
		Investigations Committee or not to so remit a matter, as the case may be,
		as soon as practicable and in any event within 21 days of the date of his or
		her determination. The Reviewer of Complaints shall provide the
		Respondent and Complainant with reasons for his or her determination.
	6.5	If the Reviewer of Complaints remits a matter to the Investigations
		Committee under Regulation 6.3 with a recommendation that the whole or
		part of it be reconsidered, the matter or that part of it shall be treated by
		the Investigations Committee as if it had been newly laid before it under
		Regulation 4.6(c) or 4.6(d) except that the Investigations Committee shall
		have regard both to the information and any representations previously
		available to it in relation to the matter and to any information or
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		renrecent	ation	s received by it from the Reviewer of Complaints, including		
			submissions from the Respondent and a Complainant.			
		submissions from the Respondent and a complainant.				
	6.6	6.6 The Investigations Committee shall notify the Reviewer of Com				
		addition t	o tho	se persons and bodies mentioned under Regulation 4.6(m)		
		of its final determination as soon as practicable and in any event within 21				
		days of the date of its final determination. The Investigations Committee				
		shall prov	shall provide the Reviewer of Complaints, together with each of the parties			
		detailed a	ıt Rea	julation 4.6(n), with reasons for its final determination.		
	6.7	Where a	matt	ter is remitted to the Investigations Committee by the		
	0.7					
				omplaints and the Investigations Committee reconsiders the		
				ordance with Regulation 6.5, a Complainant shall have no		
		further rig	ght of	f review or appeal in relation to the final determination of		
		the Invest	tigatio	ons Committee.		
7	DISCI	PLINARY (	COMN	AITTEE		
	7.1	The terms	s of r	reference of a Disciplinary Committee shall be to consider		
		those ma	tters	referred to a Disciplinary Committee by the Chair of the		
		Investigat	Investigations Committee pursuant to Regulation 4.2(d) and by the			
		Investigat	tions	Committee pursuant to Regulations 4.6(d)(iv) and 4.6(h).		
		_				
	7.2	Referrals	under	r Regulations 4.2(d), 4.6(d)(iv) and 4.6(h).		
		(a) \	With i	regard to referrals under Regulations 4.2(d), 4.6(d)(iv) and		
			•	) a Disciplinary Committee hearing shall be held at which the		
				er will be considered afresh and in accordance with		
			Regul	ations 10 and 11.		
		(b) (	On co	onclusion of the hearing and any further deliberations a		
		[	Discip	olinary Committee may reach one of the following		
			deteri	minations:		
			(i)	Where the Respondent is a former Member or former		
				Student if the Disciplinary Committee considers that the		
				length of time since the Respondent ceased to be a Member		
				or Student is such that it would not be appropriate in all		
1				or statent is such that it would not be appropriate III dif		

		the circumstances to continue with disciplinary proceedings the Disciplinary Committee shall dismiss the case against the Respondent.
	(ii)	Where the Disciplinary Committee is of the opinion that there is sufficient evidence that facts or circumstances have occurred or arisen which constitute a breach of Bye- Law 23 the Disciplinary Committee may impose one or more sanctions and may make a Cost Order against the Respondent.
	(iii)	Where the Disciplinary Committee is of the opinion that there is no or insufficient evidence that facts or circumstances have occurred or arisen which constitute a breach of Bye-Law 23 or such facts or circumstances which it is alleged have occurred do not amount to a breach of Bye-Law 23 the Disciplinary Committee shall dismiss the case against the Respondent and may make a Cost Order against the Institute.
(c)	and	ciplinary Committee may impose the sanctions listed below in addition or as an alternative the sanctions listed in lation 7.2(d) below:
	(i)	Entry on Record; or
	(ii)	Reprimand; or
	(iii)	Severe Reprimand; or
	(iv)	Suspension of membership for a specified period ; or
	(v)	Expulsion.
(d)		alternative or in addition to any of the above sanctions one or of the following sanctions:
	(i)	Provided the Institute has Practice Regulations in force,

			withdrawal of any Practising Certificate held by the
			Respondent either indefinitely or for a specified period.
		(ii)	A fine up to £10,000 or such maximum as the Council may
			from time to time determine.
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		(iii)	A Disciplinary Committee may make a Compensatory
			Award or Compensatory Awards to a Complainant and/or
			third party in respect of fees paid by such party or parties
			to the Respondent. If a Disciplinary Committee makes such
			a Compensatory Award then it shall make a
			Reimbursement Order against the Respondent for the same
			amount, so that the Institute shall be fully reimbursed.
		(iv)	If the Investigations Committee has made a Compensatory
			Award to a Complainant a Disciplinary Committee may if it
			considers it appropriate make a Reimbursement Order
			against the Respondent for the same amount or such lesser
			amount as it considers appropriate.
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	(e)	In co	nsidering whether to impose a fine and the amount of any
	(e)		nsidering whether to impose a fine and the amount of any Disciplinary Committee shall take into account:
	(e)		
	(e)		
	(e)	fine a	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account:
	(e)	fine a	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23;
	(e)	fine a	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the
	(e)	fine a	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23;
	(e)	fine a	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the
	(e)	fine a	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the
	(e)	fine a	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23;
	(e)	fine a	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The value of the work undertaken by the Respondent in connection with which the breach of Bye-Law 23
	(e)	fine a	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The value of the work undertaken by the Respondent in
	(e)	fine a (i) (ii) (iii)	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The value of the work undertaken by the Respondent in connection with which the breach of Bye-Law 23 occurred;
	(e)	fine a	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The value of the work undertaken by the Respondent in connection with which the breach of Bye-Law 23 occurred; Any other sanction imposed upon the Respondent and the
	(e)	fine a (i) (ii) (iii)	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The value of the work undertaken by the Respondent in connection with which the breach of Bye-Law 23 occurred;
	(e)	fine a (i) (ii) (iii)	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The value of the work undertaken by the Respondent in connection with which the breach of Bye-Law 23 occurred; Any other sanction imposed upon the Respondent and the
	(e)	fine a (i) (ii) (iii)	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The value of the work undertaken by the Respondent in connection with which the breach of Bye-Law 23 occurred; Any other sanction imposed upon the Respondent and the value of any Cost Order to be made against the
	(e)	fine a (i) (ii) (iii) (iiv)	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The value of the work undertaken by the Respondent in connection with which the breach of Bye-Law 23 occurred; Any other sanction imposed upon the Respondent and the value of any Cost Order to be made against the Respondent; and
	(e)	fine a (i) (ii) (iii)	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The value of the work undertaken by the Respondent in connection with which the breach of Bye-Law 23 occurred; Any other sanction imposed upon the Respondent and the value of any Cost Order to be made against the Respondent; and Any evidence before the Disciplinary Committee or
	(e)	fine a (i) (ii) (iii) (iiv)	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The value of the work undertaken by the Respondent in connection with which the breach of Bye-Law 23 occurred; Any other sanction imposed upon the Respondent and the value of any Cost Order to be made against the Respondent; and

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			whether and the extent to which any person is financially dependent upon the Respondent.
	(f)	In co	nsidering whether to make a Compensatory Award under
		Regu	lation 7.2(d)(iii) and the level of any such Compensatory d a Disciplinary Committee shall take into account:
		(i)	The fact that under Regulation 7.2(d)(iii) if a Disciplinary
			Committee makes such a Compensatory Award it must
			then make a Reimbursement Order against the Respondent for the same amount;
		(ii)	Any evidence before the Disciplinary Committee or
			submissions made to the Disciplinary Committee regarding
			the financial circumstances of the Respondent including
			whether and the extent to which any person is financially
			dependent upon the Respondent;
		(iii)	Any other sanction imposed upon the Respondent and the value of any Cost Order to be made against the Respondent;
		(iv)	The extent to which the Respondent may have profited
			from his or her misconduct;
		(v)	The extent to which the Respondent's misconduct has
		(*)	caused loss to a Complainant and/or third party; and
		(vi)	The extent to which a Complainant and/or third party may
			have benefited or otherwise received value from the
			Respondent's services notwithstanding the Respondent's misconduct.
	(g)	In co	nsidering whether to make a Reimbursement Order under
		Regu	lation 7.2(d)(iv) and the level of any such Reimbursement
		Orde	r a Disciplinary Committee shall take into account:
		(i)	Any evidence before the Disciplinary Committee or
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(ii)	submissions made to the Disciplinary Committee regarding the financial circumstances of the Respondent including whether and the extent to which any person is financially dependent upon the Respondent; Any other sanction imposed upon the Respondent and the value of any Cost Order to be made against the Respondent;
(iii)	The nature of the relationship between a Complainant and the Respondent; and
(iv)	The conduct of the Respondent and a Complainant in respect of the complaint.
Discip incluc under	nsidering what sanction to impose upon the Respondent a plinary Committee shall have regard to all the circumstances, ding any breaches of Bye-Law 23 and any finding of liability r a Joint Disciplinary Scheme and any finding of liability under cutory disciplinary scheme.
Discip and d Respo that r the	nsidering what sanction to impose upon the Respondent, a plinary Committee shall have regard to the facts, admissions lecisions relating to any current Entry on Record against the ondent and impose any sanction in respect of that matter or matter combined with any later matter in relation to which Disciplinary Committee is passing sanction which is opriate in all the circumstances.
Inves recipi indivi Comr practi Comr recipi	sciplinary Committee shall notify or shall instruct the tigations Unit to notify the Respondent, a Complainant, any ent of a Compensatory Award that it has made and any dual or body who in the opinion of the Disciplinary nittee is an Interested Person of its determination as soon as icable and in any event within 21 days. The Disciplinary nittee shall provide the Respondent, a Complainant and any ent of a Compensatory Award that it has made with reasons is determination and the Respondent shall be informed of his

			or her right to appeal to and/or request a review by an Appeal Committee.	
		(k)	The Institute shall publish the determination of a Disciplinary	
			Committee in each case as it may consider appropriate.	
		(I)	The Respondent may appeal against a determination of a Disciplinary Committee pursuant to a referral under Regulations 4.2(d), 4.6(d)(iv) or 4.6(h) to an Appeal Committee upon one or more of the grounds set out in Regulation 8.2(a). For the avoidance of doubt and without prejudice to Regulation 7.2(m) an appeal shall not be permitted against any Cost Order of a Disciplinary Committee.	
		(m)	A party against whom a Disciplinary Committee makes a Cost Order may request a review on legal grounds of that Cost Order on the ground only that the Cost Order was unlawful.	
		(n)	An appeal or request for review by the Respondent or the Institute must be lodged with the Institute within 21 days of the Institute giving notice to the Respondent of the Disciplinary Committee's determination. The notice of appeal or request for review must be in writing and state the facts or matters relied on in support of the appeal or the review. In the case of a review of any Cost Order the request for review must state the legal grounds on which the Cost Order is said to be unlawful.	
7A	SETTL	EMENT O	RDERS	
	7A.1	At any time following the referral of one or more formal allegations to the Investigations Committee or the Disciplinary Committee, but prior to the start of a hearing, the Respondent and the Head of the Investigations Unit (for the purposes of this Regulation, hereafter referred to as the "parties") may apply to the relevant committee for the approval of a draft settlement order to conclude the disciplinary proceedings against the member by agreement. Any settlement order application shall be served on [SPECIFY APPROPRIATE OFFICER].		
	7A.2	Upon re	ceipt of a settlement order application, the [SPECIFY APPROPRIATE	

	OFFICER] Settlement	shall request the chair of the relevant committee to appoint a t Chair.				
7A.3	As soon as with the	As soon as reasonably practicable, the Settlement Chair shall be provided with the				
	(a)	the report outlining the allegations				
	(b)	the proposed settlement agreement;				
	(c)	the draft settlement order;				
	(d)	any written representations; and				
	(e)	any disciplinary record of the member.				
7A.4	The Settle	ment Chair shall determine whether to make the proposed				
	settlement	order on the papers.				
7A.5	In determi	ning whether the proposed settlement agreement is in the public				
	interest ar	nd whether the draft settlement order should be approved, the				
	Settlement	Settlement Chair shall consider, amongst other matters:				
	(a)	the formal allegation or formal allegations which have been				
		admitted by the member, firm, affiliate or relevant person and				
		any which have not been admitted;				
	(b)	the likely outcome and sanction(s) which would be imposed;				
	(C)	the degree to which the Respondent has displayed insight into				
		the conduct giving rise to the formal allegation(s); and				
	(d)	any remedial action taken by the Respondent				
7A.6	Where the OFFICER]	e settlement order is approved, the [SPECIFY APPROPRIATE				
	(a)	the parties to the settlement order; and				
	(b)	any other member who is the subject of any formal allegation(s) arising from the same events as the formal allegations which are the subject of the settlement order				

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	7A.7	Where the Settlement Chair does not approve the draft settlement order, the Settlement Chair shall give a written summary of reasons, a copy of which shall be provided by the [SPECIFY APPROPRIATE OFFICER] to the parties as soon as practicable.			
	7A.8		may make further settlement order applications at any time start of a final hearing.		
	7A.9	Responden order, and refusing a	t of any settlement discussions between the Institute and the t, any proposed settlement agreement or any draft settlement the summary of reasons given by a Settlement Chair for proposed settlement order, shall be confidential and, for the of doubt, shall not be admissible in:		
		(a)	any subsequent disciplinary proceedings against the Respondent; or		
		(b)	any disciplinary proceedings concerning allegation(s) or formal allegation(s) against any other member which arise from the same event(s) as the formal allegations which were the subject of the proposed settlement order.		
	7A.10	proposed se	nt Chair shall have no further involvement in the matter if a ettlement order is refused and the formal allegation(s) proceed ons hearing or a final hearing.		
8	APPEA	L COMMITT	EE		
	8.1	The terms	of reference of an Appeal Committee shall be		
		thes deci exte dou and 7.2( 7.2) aga	onsider any appeal made in accordance with the provisions of se Regulations by a Respondent, against either or both the ision of a Disciplinary Committee or as to the nature and ent of the sanction imposed (including for the avoidance of bt the making of any Compensatory Award in relation to fees the associated Reimbursement Order made under Regulation (d)(iii) and any Reimbursement Order made under Regulation (d)(iv)) by the Disciplinary Committee in any case brought inst the Respondent under Bye-Law 23; eview on legal grounds any Cost Order made by a Disciplinary		
		(ii) to r	eview on legal grounds any Cost Order made by a Disciplinary		

		Comr	nittee upon the application of the party against whom the	
		Cost Order was made.		
8.2	2 Appe	als		
	(a)	(i)	The determination of a Disciplinary Committee was wrong	
			in that the Committee gave insufficient weight to or drew incorrect conclusions from any material before it (including the Institute's Charter, Bye-Laws and Regulations) which	
			was or should have been material to its determination; or	
		(ii)	The determination is flawed because of a serious procedural or other irregularity in the proceedings before the Disciplinary Committee; or	
		(iii)	The Respondent has acquired new evidence which could not have been submitted to the Disciplinary Committee and if submitted to the Disciplinary Committee would have been likely to have influenced its decision; or	
		(iv)	The sanction imposed by the Disciplinary Committee was	
			excessive in the light of the Disciplinary Committee's	
			determination or the Respondent's circumstances.	
	(b)		In the case of an appeal under Regulation 8.2(a)(i) above:	
		(i)	the Respondent shall set out in his or her notice of appeal the basis on which he or she contends that the decision of the Disciplinary Committee in relation to any charge against him or her was wrong and shall indicate what evidence or arguments he or she wishes to rely upon before an Appeal Committee;	
		(ii)	an Appeal Committee shall re-open any issue of fact or law decided by the Disciplinary Committee and re-examine or re- hear any evidence that was before the Disciplinary Committee if it considers that this is necessary to enable it to determine the appeal.	
	(c)		In the case of an appeal under Regulation 8.2(a)(iii) above:	
		(i)	the Respondent shall set out in his or her notice of appeal the nature of the new evidence on which he or she relies and shall explain why it was not available at the time of the hearing by the Disciplinary Committee;	
		(ii)	an Appeal Committee shall receive the evidence (including witnesses) which is the ground for the appeal if it considers	

		th	at this is necessary to enable it to determine the appeal;
		(iii) if	the Appeal Committee is persuaded that the new
		ev	idence would have been likely to affect the decision of
		th	e Disciplinary Committee it shall refer the Respondent's
		са	se for a further hearing before a freshly constituted
		Di	sciplinary Committee, which shall exclude any member of
		th	e previous Disciplinary Committee which previously
		со	nsidered the same matter.
	(d)	Except a	s set out in Regulations 8.2(c)(i) and 8.2(c)(ii) above, or
		unless it	otherwise orders, an Appeal Committee shall not receive
		evidence	(including witness evidence) which was not before the
		Disciplina	ary Committee which previously considered the same
		matter.	
	(e)	On concl	usion of the hearing and any further deliberations an
		Appeal C	ommittee may confirm, rescind or vary either or both the
		determin	ation of the Disciplinary Committee or the nature or
		extent of	the sanction imposed by the Disciplinary Committee.
	(f)	An Appea	al Committee may impose any of the sanctions that could
		be impos	ed by a Disciplinary Committee under Regulation 7.2(c)
		and Regu	lation 7.2(d) and shall have regard to the considerations
		set out ir	n Regulations 7.2(e), 7.2(f), 7.2(g) and 7.2(h) as
		appropria	ate and any matter re-opened in accordance with
		Regulatio	on 7.2(i). An Appeal Committee may vary or rescind any
		Cost Ord	er made by the Disciplinary Committee and may itself
		make a (	Cost Order in relation to costs incurred up to and including
		the Disci	plinary Committee's determination or costs incurred in
		relation t	to the appeal proceedings as it considers appropriate
		having re	egard to the extent to which the determination of and
		sanction	imposed by the Disciplinary Committee is confirmed,
		varied or	rescinded. For the avoidance of doubt an Appeal
		Committ	ee may nevertheless make a Cost Order regarding costs
			in relation to the appeal proceedings even where an
			withdrawn at any stage before an Appeal Committee
			a final determination.
8.3	Review	VS	
	In the	case of a	review under Regulation 7.2(m) above an Appeal
	Comm	ittee shal	l consider the Cost Order made by the Disciplinary
	Comm	ittee and	if it considers that the Cost Order is unlawful, whether for
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		a reason given in the request for review or any other reason, the Appeal					
		Comm	nittee may re-open the issue of costs and vary (in the Respondent's				
		or the	Institute's favour) or rescind the Cost Order of the Disciplinary				
		Committee and/or may make a Cost Order against the Respondent or the					
		Institute in relation to either or both costs incurred up to and including					
		the Disciplinary Committee's determination or costs incurred in relation					
		to the	appeal proceedings as it considers appropriate.				
	8.4	Appea	I Committee – Further Provisions				
		(a)	An Appeal Committee shall notify or shall instruct the				
			Investigations Unit to notify the Respondent, a Complainant and				
			any recipient of a Compensatory Award made by a Disciplinary				
			Committee that has been made, upheld, revoked or varied by that				
			Appeal Committee and any individual or body who in the opinion				
			of that Appeal Committee is an Interested Person of its				
			determination. An Appeal Committee shall also provide the				
			Respondent, a Complainant and any recipient of a Compensatory				
			Award made by a Disciplinary Committee that has been made,				
			upheld, revoked or varied by that Appeal Committee with the				
			reasons for the Appeal Committee's determination.				
		(b)	The Institute shall publish the outcome of the appeal and/or				
			review in each case as it may consider appropriate.				
		(c)	The decision of an Appeal Committee is final and not capable of				
			being further appealed.				
9	МЕМВЕ	RS' DU	JTY TO CO-OPERATE WITH INVESTIGATIONS				
	9.1	Any M	lember or Student (including any Respondent) requested to do so				
		shall p	provide his or her full and prompt co-operation to:				
		(a)	The Investigations Unit in connection with any preliminary				
			enquiries or investigations under these Disciplinary Regulations;				
		(b)	Any Committee in connection with any hearing under these				
			Disciplinary Regulations; and				
		(c)	Anyone carrying out an investigation under a Joint Disciplinary				
			Scheme or a statutory disciplinary scheme, and in particular but				
			without limit shall provide the relevant body with all information				
			and copies of all documents relevant to the investigation which				
			are in his or her control and upon the request of the relevant body				
			shall grant any consent or authorisation required to obtain such				
			documents from a third party.				
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	9.2	Failure to co-operate with an investigation shall constitute a breach of			
	-	these Regulations and may render the relevant person liable to			
		disciplinary action.			
10	PROCE	DURE PRIOR TO HEARINGS BY A DISCIPLINARY COMMITTEE OR			
	AN APPEAL COMMITTEE				
	10.1	The procedures set out in this Regulation shall apply to all hearings			
		conducted by a Disciplinary Committee and an Appeal Committee.			
	10.2	The Committee shall give, or shall instruct the Investigations Unit to give,			
		written notice to the Respondent, a Complainant and any individual or			
		body who in the opinion of the Committee is an Interested Person of the			
		proposed date, time and place of the hearing. This notice shall be sent to			
		the Respondent by recorded delivery or other certified means to arrive			
		not less than forty-two days (or such longer period as the Committee			
		considers is necessary in the interests of fairness) prior to the date of the			
		hearing.			
	10.3	The notice of the hearing which is sent to the Respondent shall set out			
		the particulars of breach against the Respondent to be considered at the			
		hearing and shall be accompanied by copies of all the documents upon			
		which the Investigations Unit intends to rely at the hearing and in			
		hearings before a Disciplinary Committee or where so ordered by an			
		Appeal Committee shall be accompanied by the names of all the			
		witnesses which the Investigations Unit intends to call and any witness			
		statements taken from those witnesses or if such documents and details			
		of witnesses do not accompany the notice of hearing they shall be sent			
		by recorded delivery or other certified means to the Respondent by the			
		Investigations Unit to arrive not less than forty-two days (or such longer			
		period as the Committee considers is necessary in the interests of			
		fairness) prior to the date of the hearing.			
	10.4	The Respondent shall at least twenty-one days before the date of the			
		hearing provide the Committee with copies of all the documents or other			
		evidence upon which he or she intends to rely together with the name,			
		address and professional qualifications (if any) of any representative or			
		adviser who will be attending and the name, address and occupation of			
		any witnesses who will be attending on behalf of the Respondent.			
	10.5	The Respondent shall be invited to attend the hearing accompanied (if he			
		or she so wishes) by a representative or adviser of his or her choice or to			
		send a representative of his or her choice instead of attending in person.			

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10.6	The Committee may if it sees fit invite a complainant and any individual			
	or body who in the opinion of the Committee is an Interested Person to			
	attend the hearing.			
10.7	The Respondent may apply in writing to the Chair of the Committee			
	appointed to consider the matter for the date, time or place of the			
	hearing to be changed owing to any of the following circumstances:			
	(a) the Respondent is unable to attend;			
	(b) a person that the Respondent wishes to attend the hearing as a			
	witness on his or her behalf is unable to attend; or			
	(c) a person that the Respondent wishes to attend the hearing as his	or		
	her representative or adviser is unable to attend,			
	and in each case the Respondent shall provide the reasons why the	e		
	relevant person is unable to attend and shall provide details of			
	practicable alternative arrangements. The Investigations Unit shall	I		
	be afforded a reasonable opportunity to respond to any request fo	r		
	a change to the date, time or place of the hearing made under this	s		
	regulation.			
10.8	The Chair of the Committee appointed to consider the matter shall			
	consider the application and any response made by the Investigations			
	Unit and decide whether fairness requires that the date, time or place of	f		
	the hearing be rearranged and if so shall endeavor to make such			
	rearrangements. The Chair may (but does not have to) obtain the writte	en		
	advice of a Legal Assessor. Such advice (if any) shall be provided to the			
	Respondent and the Investigations Unit in advance of the Chair of the			
	Committee's decision and the Respondent and the Investigations Unit			
	shall be given a reasonable period to provide comments to the Chair of			
	the Committee on that advice. In making his or her decision the Chair o	of		
	the Committee shall have regard to the Respondent's and the			
	Investigation Unit's submissions, any advice obtained from a Legal			
	Assessor, any comments received from the Respondent or the			
	Investigations Unit on such advice, the reasons for the Respondent's			
	application, the amount of time left before the hearing, any delay in the	3		
	Respondent's application and any other relevant factor. If the date, time	3		
	or place of the hearing is rearranged all attendees shall be notified in			
	writing and Regulation 10.7 shall apply again in relation to the new			
	hearing.			
	The Respondent and the Investigations Unit may apply to the Chair of a			

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		Disciplinary Committee or Appeal Committee appointed to consider a
		matter for directions in relation to the hearing of the matter provided
		always that any such directions are in accordance with these Regulations.
		The Respondent or the Investigations Unit (as appropriate) shall be
		afforded a reasonable opportunity to respond to any such application.
		The Chair of the Committee appointed to consider the matter shall decide
		what directions, if any, shall be given and shall notify the Respondent and
		the Investigations Unit in writing of the directions given. The Chair may
		(but does not have to) obtain the written advice of a Legal Assessor.
		Such advice (if any) shall be provided to the Respondent and the
		Investigations Unit in advance of the Chair of the Committee's decision
		and the Respondent and the Investigations Unit shall be given a
		reasonable period to provide comments to the Chair of the Committee on
		that advice.
11	PROCE	DURE AT HEARINGS OF A DISCIPLINARY COMMITTEE OR AN
	APPEA	L COMMITTEE
	11.1	A Disciplinary or Appeal Committee shall determine its own procedure in
		accordance with these Regulations and the overriding requirements of
		fairness.
	11.2	A Disciplinary Committee may proceed in the absence of the Respondent
		and of any representative acting on the Respondent's behalf if it is
		satisfied that the Respondent has been provided with notice of the
		hearing in accordance with Regulation 10.2.
	11.3	At any stage in the proceedings a Disciplinary Committee may order that
		amendments (including alterations and additions) may be made to
		the particulars of the case against the Respondent provided that the
		Respondent is not prejudiced in the conduct of his or her defense.
	11.4	The hearing shall be open to the general public unless in the opinion of
		the Committee fairness or the public interest requires otherwise. A
		Committee may deny entry to the hearing to any person or expel any
		person from the hearing if that person is disrupting or is likely to disrupt
		the hearing or where fairness otherwise requires. Where a hearing is
		open to the general public a Committee may exclude the general public
		for any part of the hearing where this is appropriate and fairness allows
		or requires.
	11.5	The Presenting Officer shall be given a reasonable opportunity to present
		the case against the Respondent or resist any appeal made by the
1	1	the case against the respondent of resist any appear made by the

		Respondent.
1	11.6	In the case of a hearing before a Disciplinary Committee once the Presenting Officer has presented the case against the Respondent, the Respondent is entitled to make a submission that there is no case to answer. The Presenting Officer shall be entitled to reply to any such submission. The Committee shall consider any such submission and determine whether it should be upheld.
1	11.7	The Respondent shall be given a reasonable opportunity in person or through his or her representative to make submissions in his or her defence or in support of his or her appeal and to respond to any submissions made by the Investigations Unit.
1	11.8	In the case of a hearing before an Appeal Committee, if neither the Respondent nor a representative acting on behalf of the Respondent attends the hearing the Appeal Committee shall consider whether, in all the circumstances, fairness or the public interest requires that the hearing should be adjourned to a future date. If neither the Respondent nor a representative acting on behalf of the Respondent attends a reconvened hearing the Appeal Committee shall dismiss the appeal and/or refuse the application of the Respondent for a review of a Cost Order.
1	11.9	At hearings of a Disciplinary Committee and where so ordered by an Appeal Committee at hearings before an Appeal Committee both the Respondent and the Presenting Officer may call any witnesses in support of their submissions and cross-examine any witnesses called by the other. Either party may only call a witness not previously notified to the other party or the Committee in accordance with Regulation 10.3 or 10.4 at the discretion of the Committee.
1	11.10	A Committee and, subject to the agreement of the Chair of that Committee, the Legal Assessor may put questions to any witnesses, the Respondent and/or the Presenting Officer.
1	11.11	It shall not invalidate any decision or other determination of a Disciplinary Committee or an Appeal Committee if at any time (i) during the holding of a hearing or adjourned hearing of that Committee, any member of the Committee shall leave that hearing having taken part therein and (ii) upon an adjournment of a hearing, at the adjourned hearing any member of the Committee present at the initial meeting shall not be present; provided in both cases that the quorum for that

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		Committee is maintained at all times. The retiring Disciplinary Committee
		member or Appeal Committee member as the case may be shall not
		discuss the case with any person outside of the hearing.
12	EVIDE	NTIAL ISSUES
	12.1	A Committee in reaching its determination on the facts of a case will
		apply the civil standard of proof. This means that the Committee must be
		satisfied on the balance of probabilities that a matter took place before
		finding it proven.
	12.2	At a hearing of a Disciplinary Committee the burden of proving any facts
		in the particulars of breach that are not admitted by the Respondent
		rests on the Investigations Unit.
	12.3	A Committee may admit any relevant oral, documentary or other
		evidence whether or not such evidence would be admissible in any civil
		proceedings.
	12.4	A Committee may exclude evidence in the interests of fairness and/or in
		the interests of justice.
	12.5	The production of a certified copy of the certificate of conviction (or, in
		Scotland, an extract conviction) shall be conclusive proof of that
		conviction and the findings of fact on which it was based. The only
		evidence that a Respondent may call in rebuttal of such a certificate of
		conviction or extract conviction is evidence called for the purpose of
		proving that the Respondent is not the person referred to the certificate
		of conviction or extract conviction.
	12.6	The findings of any court of competent jurisdiction (within the UK or
		elsewhere), any financial services regulator, accountancy regulatory
		authority and any statutory, chartered or other professional body
		exercising a regulatory function shall be prima facie evidence of the facts
		so found.
	12.7	A Committee may consider at one hearing more than one matter against
		the same Respondent and/or matters concerning more than one
		Respondent provided it is satisfied that it is just for it to do so.
13	LEGAL	ADVICE AND ASSISTANCE
	13.1	The Legal Assessor shall be present at all hearings of a Disciplinary
		Committee or an Appeal Committee. The Legal Assessor shall also be
		present at meetings of the Investigations Committee unless his or her
		presence is not required by the Committee.
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	13.2	The Legal Assessor shall advise a Disciplinary Committee, and an Appeal Committee on such legal or procedural matters as he or she believes in his or her professional opinion the Committees should be advised upon or upon which the Committees ask him or her to advise.
	13.3	The advice of the Legal Assessor to a Disciplinary Committee and an Appeal Committee in relation to a particular disciplinary matter shall be delivered at the hearing in the presence of the parties in attendance at the hearing including for the avoidance of doubt the Respondent and/or his or her representative. If delivered in private the advice shall be faithfully and accurately relayed to the parties in attendance at the hearing including for the avoidance of doubt the Respondent and/or his or her representative. The parties in attendance, including the Respondent or his or her representative (if any) shall be entitled to comment upon such advice before any determination is made in relation to the matter upon which advice was sought.
	13.4	The Investigations Committee may request the advice of the Legal Assessor on any legal or procedural issue, in which case the Legal Assessor will advise on that issue and on such legal or procedural matters as he or she believes in his or her professional opinion the Investigations Committee should be advised upon. The Legal Assessor's advice (if any) shall be notified to the Respondent along with the decision of the Investigations Committee.
	13.5	A Disciplinary Committee or an Appeal Committee may at its absolute discretion and in exceptional cases pay the reasonable costs of legal advice and/or representation for the Respondent if, having taken account of the complexity of the case against the Respondent and any evidence before a Disciplinary Committee or submissions made to a Disciplinary Committee regarding the financial circumstances of the Respondent including whether and the extent to which any person is financially dependent upon the Respondent, a Committee considers this is necessary in order to ensure that the Respondent is provided with a fair hearing.
	13.6	A Legal Assessor may be paid such remuneration by the Institute as the Institute may from time to time determine.
14	APPOI	NTMENT OF REVIEW OF COMPLAINTS
	14.1	The Council shall appoint a Reviewer of Complaints from amongst those persons eligible to be appointed as Independent Members for the

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		purpo	ses of these Regulations generally and in particular in accordance			
		with F	Regulation 15.7. The Council may appoint one or more eligible			
		perso	ns to hold the office of Reviewer of Complaints. No person shall be			
		a Rev	iewer of Complaints who is also a member of the Investigations			
		Committee or the Regulatory Panel.				
	14.2	14.2 Each Reviewer of Complaints shall be appointed for a term of at least				
		three	years and no more than five years and upon expiry of his or her			
		first te	erm of office may be re-appointed for one further term of at least			
		three	years and no more than five years.			
	14.3	The C	ouncil may suspend or remove any Reviewer of Complaints upon			
		that p	erson ceasing to be eligible for appointment as an Independent			
		Memb	per and upon a majority of the members of the Council taking part			
		in suc	h determination voting for such suspension or removal.			
	14.4	A Rev	iewer of Complaints may be paid such remuneration by the			
		Institu	ute as the Institute may from time to time determine.			
15	ΑΡΡΟΙ	NTMENT OF INVESTIGATIONS COMMITTEE AND REGULATORY				
	PANEL	МЕМВ	MEMBERS			
	15.1	The Council shall appoint all members of the Investigations Commit				
		including an Independent Member as Chair of the Investigations				
		Committee, from amongst those persons eligible to be members of this				
		committee.				
	15.2	The Council shall appoint a Regulatory Panel, including an Independe				
		Memb	er as Chair of the Regulatory Panel, from amongst those persons			
		eligibl	e to sit as members of the Regulatory Panel.			
	15.3	No pe	rson shall be a member of the Investigations Committee and the			
		Regul	atory Panel at the same time.			
	15.4	Memb	pers of the Investigations Committee and the Regulatory Panel shall			
		be ap	pointed for a term of at least three years and no more than five			
			and upon expiry of their first term of office may be re-appointed for			
		-	urther term of at least three years and no more than five years.			
	15.5		ouncil may suspend or remove any member of the Investigations			
	2010		nittee or the Regulatory Panel:			
		(a)	upon receiving a recommendation for suspension or removal of			
			that member from three-quarters of the members of the			
			Investigations Committee or the Regulatory Panel upon which that			
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			member serves and upon three-quarters of the members of the			

		Council taking part in such determination voting for such suspension or removal; or
	(b)	upon that member ceasing to be eligible for appointment as an Independent Member or CIPFA Member (as the case may be) and upon a majority of the members of the Council taking part in such determination voting for such suspension or removal.
15.6	Inves serve partic A CIP concle	FA Member shall automatically be suspended from the tigations Committee or the Regulatory Panel upon which he or she s in the event that the Investigations Unit formulates and notifies culars of breach to that person under Regulation 4.1(b)(i) or 4.4(b). FA Member who is suspended shall remain suspended until the usion of any disciplinary proceedings under these Regulations in on to him or her.
15.7		son is eligible to be appointed and to continue as an Independent per if:
	(a)	neither they nor any of their immediate family, including his or her spouse or partner with whom he or she cohabits, is a Member or former Member, Student or former Student, employee or former employee of the Institute;
	(b)	He or she is not an accountant; and
	(c)	Neither he or she nor any company of which he or she is a director is party to any contract (save for any contract entered into in relation to his or her appointment as an Independent Member) with the Institute.
15.8	Memb upon or un scher prese antec statut discip	son is eligible to be appointed as a CIPFA Member if he or she is a ber or Student and he or she has not had any sanction imposed him or her under these Regulations or any antecedent regulations der any joint disciplinary scheme or by a statutory disciplinary ne within the last 10 years and disciplinary proceedings are not ntly underway against him or her under these Regulations or any edent regulations or under any joint disciplinary scheme or any tory disciplinary scheme. For the purposes of this Regulation olinary proceedings under these Regulations shall only be deemed to aderway if charges have been put under Regulation 4.1(b)(i) or ).
15.9	Indep	pendent Members may be paid such remuneration by the Institute as

		the	Institute may from time to time determine.		
16	СОМРС	DSITION OF THEINVESTIGATIONS COMMITTEE AND THE			
	REGUL	ATOR	RY PANEL		
	16.1	Com	position of the Investigations Committee		
		(a)	The Investigations Committee shall consist of at least ten members		
			who shall not be members of the Regulatory Panel.		
		(b)	Save as detailed in Regulation 16.1(d), the Investigations		
			Committee shall act under a quorum of at least three members of		
			whom at least two shall be Independent Members. Independent		
			Members shall be in the majority regardless of the total number of		
			persons sitting.		
		(c)	The Chair of the Investigations Committee shall be an Independent		
			Member. In the absence of the Chair, meetings shall be chaired by		
			one of the Independent Members present.		
		(d)	The Chair of the Investigations Committee may delegate his or her		
			powers under these regulations to another Independent Member of		
			the Investigations Committee if this is necessary for the efficient		
			operation of the work of the Investigations Committee.		
		(e)	The Chair of the Investigations Committee shall be the quorum of		
			the Investigations Committee when the Committee Chair is acting		
			pursuant to Regulations 4.1 and 4.2. Otherwise the Chair of the		
			Investigations Committee shall appoint panels of the Investigations		
			Committee to consider and reach a determination on particular		
			disciplinary matters. If a panel is appointed in relation to a		
			particular disciplinary matter those members of the Investigations		
			Committee not appointed to such a panel shall play no part in the		
			investigation and determination of that disciplinary matter. These		
			Regulations (other than Regulations 15.5 and 16.1(a)) shall apply to		
			a panel as they apply to the Investigations Committee as a whole		
			save that references to the Investigations Committee and the Chair		
			of the Investigations Committee shall be read as references to the		
			panel and the chair of the panel.		
	16.2	Com	position of the Regulatory Panel		
<u> </u>		(a)	The Regulatory Panel shall consist of at least twenty five members		
			who shall not be members of the Investigations Committee.		
<u> </u>		(b)	The Chair of the Regulatory Panel shall be an Independent Member		

		арро	inted by Council. The Chair of the Regulatory Panel shall
		арро	int:
		(i)	members of the Regulatory Panel to sit as members of a
			Disciplinary Committee or an Appeal Committee to consider a
			particular disciplinary matter, and
		(ii)	from amongst those Committee members appointed in
			accordance with 16.2(b)(i) above, a chair of the Disciplinary
			Committee or Appeal Committee appointed to consider a
			particular disciplinary matter.
	(c)	No R	egulatory Panel member may sit as a member of a Disciplinary
		Com	mittee and an Appeal Committee which considers the same, or
		subst	cantially the same, disciplinary matter.
	(d)	The C	Chair of the Regulatory Panel may delegate his or her powers
		unde	r these regulations to another Independent Member of the
		Regu	latory Panel if this is necessary for the efficient operation of the
		work	of the Regulatory Panel.
	(e)	In th	e event that the Chair of the Regulatory Panel has sat as a
		mem	ber, including as the chair, of a Committee which previously
		consi	dered or determined the same, or substantially the same,
		discip	plinary matter that falls to be considered under these
		Regu	lations the Regulatory Panel Chair shall delegate his or her
		powe	r
		(i)	to appoint members, including a chair, to a Disciplinary or an
			Appeal Committee considering such a matter, and/or
		(ii)	to consider the matter in his or her role as Chair of the Regulatory Panel to another Independent Member of the Regulatory Panel.
16.3	Com	positi	on of a Disciplinary Committee
	(a)	A Dis	ciplinary Committee shall act under a quorum of at least three
		mem	bers, including a Chair, of whom at least two shall be
		Inde	pendent Members. Independent Members shall be in the
		majo	rity regardless of the total number of persons sitting.
	(b)	The C	Chair of a Disciplinary Committee appointed to consider a
		partio	cular disciplinary matter shall be an Independent Member. In
		the a	bsence of that Chair the meeting shall be chaired by another
		Inde	pendent Member present.
	(c)	A Dis	ciplinary Committee appointed to consider a particular matter

	T	1	may delegate to the Chair of that Dissiplingue Committee the many
			may delegate to the Chair of that Disciplinary Committee the power to determine any preliminary or procedural issue that arises prior to a hearing including but not limited to the determination of the time periods under Regulations 10.2, 10.3 and 10.4.
		(d)	If a Disciplinary Committee is appointed in relation to a particular disciplinary matter those members of the Regulatory Panel not appointed to such a Committee shall play no part in the consideration and determination of that disciplinary matter.
	16.4	Corr	position of an Appeal Committee
		(a)	An Appeal Committee shall act under a quorum of at least three members of whom at least two shall be Independent Members. Independent Members shall be in the majority regardless of the total number of persons sitting.
		(b)	The Chair of an Appeal Committee sitting to consider a particular disciplinary matter shall be an Independent Member. In the absence of that Chair the meeting shall be chaired by another Independent Member present.
		(c)	An Appeal Committee may delegate to the Chair of that Appeal Committee sitting to consider a particular disciplinary matter the power to determine any preliminary or procedural issue that arises prior to a hearing including but not limited to the determination of
			the time periods under Regulations 10.2, 10.3 and 10.4.
17	EXPULS		
	17.1	Men	ember or Student who is expelled from the Institute may apply to the obers and Students Development Board to be re-admitted as a ober or Student in the following circumstances only:
		(a)	At least one year has passed since the Member or Student was expelled and the Member or Student has new evidence relating to the disciplinary matter in relation to which he or she was expelled which was not before the Disciplinary Committee or Appeal Committee which considered his or her matter and could not reasonably have been put before that Disciplinary Committee or Appeal Committee by the Member or Student and the Member or Student believes that if that Disciplinary Committee or Appeal Committee had been in possession of such evidence it would not have expelled the Member or Student; or

		-	n the date of withdrawal.	
			hbers and Students Development Board on the expiry of at least five rs (or such period as the Council may from time to time determine)	
			drawn for an indefinite period may apply to have it re-instated by the	
			ication is made, a Member whose Practising Certificate has been	
	18.1		ided the Institute has Practice Regulations in force at the time the	
18		-	AL OF PRACTISING CERTIFICATE	
			itute.	
			uld be granted if the applicant is re-admitted to membership of the	
			mittee shall also consider whether a further Practising Certificate	
			bers and Students Development Board and the appointed Appeal	
		Prac	tice Regulations in force at the time that application is made the	
		prev	iously held a Practising Certificate and provided the Institute has	
	17.4	Whe	re an application under Regulation 17.1 is made by an individual who	
			the standards expected of a Member or Student.	
		(c)	Whether if re-admitted the applicant could be expected to uphold	
		(b)	The applicant's conduct since expulsion; and	
		(a)	The seriousness of the breach(es) of Bye-Law 23; and	
		inclu	ıding:	
		and	shall reach its opinion after considering all relevant factors	
		Com	mittee shall seek such further information as it deems appropriate	
			sidered opinion of an Appeal Committee. The appointed Appeal	
	1,10	-	Members and Students Development Board shall obtain the	
	17.3	-	n receipt of an application for re-admittance under Regulation 17(b)	
			cted.	
			re an Appeal Committee in accordance with Regulations 10 and 11. Il other circumstances the application for re-admittance shall be	
			e expelled the Member or Student he or she shall convene a hearing	
			eal Committee had been in possession of the new evidence it may not	
		-	ulatory Panel considers that if the Disciplinary Committee or the	
		cons	sideration by the Chair of the Regulatory Panel. If the Chair of the	
		the Members and Students Development Board shall refer the matter		
	17.2	Upo	n receipt of an application for re-admittance under Regulation 17.1(a)	
			expelled.	
		(b)	At least five years (or such period as the Council may from time to time determine) have passed since the Member or Student was	

	10.2 Upon receipt of an application for up instatement of a Drasticing				
	18.2	Upon receipt of an application for re-instatement of a Practising			
		Certificate under Regulation 18.1, provided the Institute has Practice			
		Regulations in force at the time of that application, the Members and			
		Students Development Board shall obtain the considered opinion of an			
		appointed Appeal Committee. The Appeal Committee shall seek such			
		further information as it deems appropriate and shall reach its opinion			
		after considering all relevant factors including:			
		(a)	the seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; and		
		(b)	the applicant's conduct since withdrawal of the Practising		
			Certificate; and		
		(c)	whether if the Practising Certificate is re-instated the applicant		
			could be expected to uphold the standards expected of a Member		
			who is engaged in public practice.		
19	EFFECT	TIVE DATES			
	19.1	An order by the Investigations Committee to impose a Reprimand or			
	19.1		on Record shall become effective on the date the Investigations		
		-	_		
			nittee receives the Respondent's consent to the imposition of the		
		Repri	mand or Entry on Record.		
	10.2	A 1914 C			
	19.2	Any Compensatory Award made by the Investigations Committee shall			
		take effect when the decision of the Investigations Committee to make			
		the C	ompensatory Award is received by the Institute.		
	19.3	Any order, Compensatory Award or Reimbursement Order made by a			
		Disciplinary Committee shall take effect from the date of the expiry of the			
		appeal/review period specified at Regulation 7.2(n) unless the Respondent shall duly give notice of appeal or apply for a review prior to			
		the expiry of such a period in which case the order, Compensatory Awa			
		or Reimbursement Order shall be suspended until the appeal or review			
		nas D	een determined.		
	19.4	Any o	order of an Appeal Committee shall take effect from the date it is		
		annou	unced by the Committee.		
	19.5	Any s	ettlement order shall take effect on the date it is approved by the		
		Settle	ement Chair.		
	1	1			

20	PAYMENT					
	20.1 Any Cost Order, Compensatory Award or Reimbursement Order					
		imposed by a Committee shall be payable within 28 days from the date				
		the order becomes effective unless the Institute agrees otherwise.				
21	NOTIC	OTICES				
	21.1	Subject to express provisions within these Regulations, notices shall be				
		given and shall be deemed to have been received in accordance with the				
		Bye-Laws of the Institute.				
22	TRANS	L PROVISIONS				
	22.1	For the purposes of this Regulation 22:				
		(a)	"Relevant Date" means the date on which this Regulation comes			
			into force;			
		(b)	"Current Member" means a member of the Disciplinary			
			Committee or the Appeal Committee on the Relevant Date; and			
		(c)	"Current Chair" means the Chair of the Disciplinary Committee or			
			the Chair of the Appeal Committee (as the case may be) on the			
			Relevant Date.			
	22.2	From t	he Relevant Date, each Current Member will become a member of			
		the Regulatory Panel for the remainder of the period of their current				
		appointment subject to the provisions of these Regulations.				
	22.3	Any Current Member who, on the Relevant Date is eligible to be				
		reappointed to the Disciplinary Committee or Appeal Committee at the				
		end of	their current term of office, may be reappointed at that time to			
		the Regulatory Panel.				
	22.4	Each current Chair shall continue to undertake the duties of their current				
		Chair role for the remainder of the period of their current appointment to				
		the Disciplinary or Appeal Committee as one of two Joint Chairs of the				
		Regula	atory Panel provided always that they are otherwise remain eligible			
			subject always to Regulations 15.4, 15.5, 15.6, 15.7 and 15.8 as			
		applica	able).			
	22.5	Upon one of the Current Chairs ceasing to hold that office, the remaining				
		Current Chair shall be the sole Chair of the Regulatory Panel for the				
		remainder of his or her current appointment and for any permitted period				
		of re-a	appointment.			